# Package: linkprediction (via r-universe)

September 13, 2024

Title Link Prediction Methods

Version 1.0-1

Description Implementations of most of the existing proximity-based methods of link prediction in graphs. Among the 20 implemented methods are e.g.: Adamic L. and Adar E. (2003)
<doi:10.1016/S0378-8733(03)0009-1>, Leicht E., Holme P., Newman M. (2006) <doi:10.1103/PhysRevE.73.026120>, Zhou T. and Zhang Y (2009) <doi:10.1140/epjb/e2009-00335-8>, and Fouss F., Pirotte A., Renders J., and Saerens M. (2007)
<doi:10.1109/TKDE.2007.46>.

**Depends** R (>= 3.1.1),

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LazyData true

Imports igraph

Suggests intergraph, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

VignetteBuilder knitr

BugReports https://github.com/recon-icm/linkprediction/issues

URL https://github.com/recon-icm/linkprediction

Roxygen list(markdown=TRUE)

Encoding UTF-8

Repository https://recon-icm.r-universe.dev

RemoteUrl https://github.com/recon-icm/linkprediction

RemoteRef HEAD

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#### proxfun

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linkprediction Link Prediction Methods

#### Description

Implements most of existing methods proximity-based methods of link prediction in graphs. See proxfun.

#### Note

Authors thank (Polish) National Science Centre for support through SONATA grant 2012/07/D/HS6/01971 for the project *Dynamics of Competition and Collaboration in Science: Individual Strategies, Collaboration Networks, and Organizational Hierarchies* (recon.icm.edu.pl).

proxfun

Vertex proximity indexes

#### Description

General function for calculating several types of vertex proximities in a graph.

#### Usage

```
proxfun(graph, ...)
## S3 method for class 'igraph'
proxfun(
  graph,
 method,
  v1 = NULL,
  v^2 = v^1,
  value = c("matrix", "edgelist", "graph"),
  . . .
)
## S3 method for class 'network'
proxfun(
  graph,
 method,
  v1 = NULL,
  v^2 = v^1,
  value = c("matrix", "edgelist", "graph"),
  . . .
)
```

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#### proxfun

#### Arguments

graph	an object of class igraph or network
	additional arguments specific for a selected measure
method	single character, the method to be used, see Details
v1, v2	vectors of vertices between which similarity will be calculated. Character vector is interpreted as vertex names. Numeric vector as vertex ids.
value	a character string giving a type of the object that should be returned. This must be one of "matrix", "graph" or "edgelist", with default "matrix".

#### Details

This function calculates vertex proximities in graph graph with the selected method. The graph has to be undirected and connected. Some of the methods support computation only for selected vertices, which should be more efficient when needed. Supplying vertex IDs or names (if present in the graph) to v1 and v2 will calculate proximities of v1xv2.

The following methods are available (see vignette("proxfun",package="linkprediction") for more details and formal definitions):

- aa Adamic-Adar index (Adamic and Adar 2001). Additional arguments are passed to igraph::similarity.
- act Average Commute Time (Fouss, Pirotte, Renders, and Saerens 2007)
- act\_n Normalized Average Commute Time (Fouss et al. 2007)
- cn Common Neighbours
- cos Cosine similarity (Salton and McGill 1986)
- cos\_1 cosine similarity on L+ (Fouss et al. 2007)
- dist graph distance
- hdi Hub Depressed Index (Ravasz, Somera, Mongru, Oltvai, and Barabasi 2002)
- hpi Hub Promoted Index (Ravasz et al. 2002)
- jaccard Jaccard coefficient (Jaccard 1912)
- katz Katz index (Katz 1953)
- 1 L+ directly (Fouss et al. 2007)
- lhn\_local Leicht-Holme-Newman Index (Leicht, Holme, and Newman 2006)

lhn\_global Leicht-Holme-Newman Index global version (Leicht et al. 2006)

- 1p Local Path Index (Zhou, Lu, and Zhang 2009)
- mf Matrix Forest Index (Chebotarev P. Yu. 1997)
- pa preferential attachment (Barabasi and Albert 1999)
- ra resource allocation (Zhou et al. 2009)
- rwr random walk with restart (Brin and Page 1998). Additional argument alpha (default value 0.3) is the probability that the walk will restart after a step.
- sor sorensen index/dice coefficient (Sorensen 1948)

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If value = "matrix" a matrix with length(v1) rows and length(v2) with rownames and colnames equal to integer node IDs. If value = "edgelist" a data.frame with three columns:

**from** ID of a start node of an edge

to ID of an end node of an edge

value similarity score for that edge

Edges with similarity score 0 are omitted. If value = "graph" an object of class igraph or network, depending on the class of input graph. Returned graph has the same structure (graph and node attributes, etc.) as the input graph, except for edges - original edges are skipped, and new edges with positive similarity score are added. Edged attribute "weight" indicates similarity score.

#### References

Adamic L and Adar E (2003). "Friends and Neighbors on the Web." *Social Networks*, 25, pp. 211-230 doi:10.1016/S03788733(03)000091.

Barabasi A and Albert R (1999). "Emergence of Scaling in Random Networks." *Science*, 286(5439), pp. 509-512.

Brin S and Page L (1998). "The anatomy of a large-scale hypertextual Web search engine ." \_Computer Networks and ISDN Systems \_, 30(1-7), pp. 107 - 117. Proceedings of the Seventh International World Wide Web Conference .

Chebotarev P. Yu. SEV (1997). "The matrix-forest theorem and measuring relations in small social groups ." \_Automation and Remote Control \_, *58*(9), pp. 1505-1514.

Fouss F, Pirotte A, Renders J and Saerens M (2007). "Random-Walk Computation of Similarities Between Nodes of a Graph with Application to Collaborative Recommendation." *IEEE Transactions on Knowledge and Data Engineering*, *19*(3), pp. 355-369 doi:10.1109/TKDE.2007.46.

Jaccard P (1912). "The Distribution of the Flora in the Alpine Zone 1" *New Phytologist*, *11*(2), pp. 37-50.

Katz L (1953). "A new status index derived from sociometric analysis." *Psychometrika*, 18(1), pp. 39-43.

Leicht EA, Holme P and Newman MEJ (2006). "Vertex similarity in networks." *Phys. Rev. E*, 73(2), pp. 026120 doi:10.1103/PhysRevE.73.026120.

Ravasz E, Somera AL, Mongru DA, Oltvai ZN and Barabasi A (2002). "Hierarchical Organization of Modularity in Metabolic Networks." *Science*, 297(5586), pp. 1551-1555.

Salton G and McGill MJ (1986). *Introduction to Modern Information Retrieval*. McGraw-Hill, Inc., New York, NY, USA.

Sorensen T (1948). "A Method of Establishing Groups of Equal Amplitude in Plant Sociology Based on Similarity of Species Content and Its Application to Analyses of the Vegetation on Danish Commons." *Biologiske Skrifter*, 5, pp. 1-34.

Zhou T, Lu L and Zhang Y (2009). "Predicting missing links via local information." *The European Physical Journal B*, 71(4), pp. 623-630 doi:10.1140/epjb/e2009003358.

uw

#### Examples

```
if(requireNamespace("igraph")) {
  g <- igraph::make_graph(~ A -- C:D:E -- B -- F -- G:H -- I)
# Adamic-Adar
proxfun(g, method="aa", value="edgelist")
# Random Walk with Restart
proxfun(g, method="rwr", value="edgelist")
}</pre>
```

uw

University of Warsaw co-authorship network

#### Description

Giant component of University of Warsaw (UW) co-authorship network based on publications from years 2007-2009 (period 1) and 2010-2012 (period 2).

#### Format

An igraph object with undirected graph with 1486 vertices and 7505 edges, and the following attributes:

- affiliation Vertex attribute identifying groups of departments: natural sciences, social sciences, humanities, other (other departments of UW), and external (co-authors who are not employees of UW)
- color, size, label Vertex attributes for easy plotting. Color corresponds to the affiliation attribute.
- p1 Logical edge attribute. It is TRUE if researchers incident on that edge co-authored at least one publication in period 1.
- p2 Logical edge attribute. It is TRUE if researchers incident on that edge co-authored at least one publication in period 2.

#### Details

The basis of this network is a co-authorship graph built from all articles, books, and chapters in edited volumes published in years 2007-2012 that have at least one employee of University of Warsaw as a (co)author.

#### Source

Polish Scholarly Bibliography https://pbn.nauka.gov.pl.

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### Examples

```
# Plot it
data(uw)
set.seed(666)
xy <- igraph::layout_with_fr(uw)
plot(uw, layout=xy, vertex.frame.color=par("bg"))
legend(
    "topright",
    title = "Affiliation",
    legend = unique(igraph::V(uw)$affiliation),
    pt.bg = unique(igraph::V(uw)$color),
    pch = 21,
    bty = "n"
)
```

# Index

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